

The hostile Indians, like election returns in Arkansas, come in slowly.

The Kansas legislature was organized by the Farmers' Alliance. Ingalls' chances begin to look very doubtful.

President Harrison has notified the Republican leaders of Indiana that he will be a candidate in 1892.

The great reaper and mower trust has gone to pieces. Will some democratic solon please rise up and explain how it came about?

The financial condition of the people of Adair county was never so good as at the present. Money is becoming plentiful and the tendency of prices is upward.

Gen. Miles still has the Indians surrounded. This condition of things will probably continue till warm weather, and then the Indians will surround Gen. Miles.

Free coinage is becoming more popular every day, and it is quite probable that the free coinage bill will be passed before the close of the present session of congress.

The election bill which was shelved last week to give place to more important legislation, may come up again for consideration after the financial problem has been disposed of.

We understand that the city council is making preparation to have Kirksville given a thorough cleaning as soon as the weather will admit of the work going forward.

Gov. Francis states in his message that, the Noland case has gone into the courts. But when is it going to get out of the courts, and when is Noland going to get into the penitentiary? These are the questions that are now agitating the people.

The data at hand regarding the material prosperity of the south are worthy of notice. Even in little South Carolina, where civilization was thought to be almost at a standstill, where less than five years ago there was evidence on every hand that the state was fifty years behind the most of the union, unmistakable proofs are found that the little commonwealth is shaking off its lethargy.

On the 1st day of February, 1891, the Georgia bill for the relief of the widows of confederate veterans will become effective. This bill was passed by the last legislature, and provides that the widow of every soldier who served in the late war, and who became the wife of the soldier either before or during the war, shall be allowed a yearly pension of \$100 from the state.

The publication of a letter from Congressman Turner to McGrath, president of the Farmer's Alliance in Kansas, offering \$5,000 to be made the successor of Ingalls in the United States senate, has caused not a little excitement among Kansas politicians. Mr. McGrath's refusal to have the letter published has placed him under the ban of suspicion, and there is talk of demanding his resignation.

Mark M. ("Brick") Pomeroy, President of the Atlantic-Pacific Railway Tunnel Company of Colorado, that has more than 4,000 share owners, has good reason to say that this is a happy New Year to him, now that he has reached gold and silver ore in large quantities for shipment and sale, as stated in the large 16 page pamphlet he sends to all who address him at his Eastern office, Pulitzer Building New York City. So much for a good stayer.

The announcement of the State Savings, Loan and Trust Co., of Quincy, Ill., appears in this issue of the GRAPHIC. It is successor to the old and widely known private banking firm of L. & C. H. Bull, which is the oldest banking firm in Quincy and one of the strongest and most reliable in the West. All temporary deposits are payable at five days notice, and on deposits for two years or over interest will be paid at the rate of four per cent per annum. Read their announcement in another column.

A Washington correspondent of the St. Louis Republic states that the election bill was intended as a blow at the Farmers' Alliance. This is the first intimation that the Farmers' Alliance has been trying to carry elections by fraud.

The Senate committee on pensions has adopted Mr. Dockers' resolution, to reduce the fee of pension attorneys in increase cases from \$10 to \$2. The committee has also adopted the amendment reducing the fee from \$10 to \$5, in cases under the disability act of June 27. Another important amendment adopted by the Senate pension committee provides that payment to pensioners shall hereafter be monthly instead of quarterly.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

From our Regular Correspondent.
WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 12, 1891.

The President is, to the ordinary observer, apparently spending his time about as usual, but he isn't by a long shot; he is working hard day and night to keep the ship which bears the administration and the republican party in the middle of a safe, financial channel, and he is being aided by Senators Sherman, Allison and others in both House and Senate, who have for years been identified with the financial policy of the republican party, which has given the United States a period of prosperity never equaled by any nation at any time.

The unanimous agreement to vote upon the anti-contractual financial bill in the Senate on Wednesday of this week is one of the results of those conferences; it was believed that it would be injudicious, not to say positively dangerous to have a protracted financial debate in the Senate at this time, just as the public is regaining confidence and the money market is beginning to show healthier signs than for some months past.

I endeavored, by means of personal interviews, to ascertain in what shape the financial bill will go through the Senate—it will certainly go through in some shape—but owing to the disposition on the part of many Senators to be non-committal regarding some of the proposed amendments the definite information gained was not great. The silver men are loud in their claims, and it certainly looks as if they were well founded so far as the adoption of a free coinage amendment is concerned, although those senators opposed to going to the extent of free coinage at the present time are positive in their confidence that it will not become a law even if adopted by the Senate. This confidence is based upon several things. First, is the great influence of the conservative men of the country, who will be aroused by the adoption of a free coinage amendment to the financial bill by the Senate; these men will protest against such amendment not because they are opposed to silver, but because they fear the effect upon the country of such a radical step at this time, and that their protests will have great weight in the House cannot for a moment be doubted; next comes the opposition of Speaker Reed and some of the most prominent republican Representatives and last, but by no means least, is the opposition of the President; this opposition has been so far confined to moral suasion—the President has made no threat of vetoing the measure, as has been reported, and I don't believe he has ever even considered it. It is principally because he thinks a free coinage amendment will result in killing the other features of the bill, which he believes will be of more general benefit, that he is opposed to it.

Twenty-three democratic members of the Idaho legislature, who voted against Senator-elect Dubois have sent a protest to the Senate against allowing him to take his seat, the ground being alleged illegality in his election. There is no probability of any attention being paid to the protest, as the ablest constitutional lawyers in the Senate have already pronounced the election of Mr. Dubois to be legal.

Whether the election bill will again be taken up is an undecided question with the republican Senators, and I think its decision will depend largely upon the tone of the republican press during the next few days—if the republican newspapers had been unanimous, or even nearly so, in favor of it, it is bill it would long ago have become a law.

The shipping bill still hangs fire in the House and its friends are not as confident of its passage as they were a week ago. The trouble arises from the opposition on the republican side, which numbers from twenty to thirty. The condition of the United States Treasury is an unfailing barometer of the money market, and the daily increase in the surplus shows that confidence is not that money is again travelling in its usual channels. The surplus now amounts to more than \$18,000,000, in spite of the large purchases of

silver and bonds which Secretary Windom is constantly making in order to put the money back into active circulation, and it will not be surprising if proposals for the purchase of 4 percent bonds—only 44 per cent bonds are now purchased—are shortly issued by the Treasury department.

The Senate committee on Foreign Relations has reported in favor of the United States guaranteeing \$100,000,000 of bonds to be issued to complete the Nicaragua canal. The committee says in its report that this would be the most economical method of protecting the interests of the people in the canal.

Representative Anderson of Kansas, has introduced a resolution requesting the Interstate Commerce commission to investigate the western railroad agreement and report to Congress.

Secretaries Noble and Proctor are in perfect accord on the Indian question and all reports to the contrary are sensational fabrications, without foundation.

Green Grove Items.

J. W. Vansickel's health does not improve. Winter has come at last, but it is not very severe.

Rev. Geeslin preached at the Grove last Thursday night.

Health is quite good in this community, at this writing.

Rev. McKee is down near Hurdland, Mo., holding a protracted meeting.

John Tade returned last week, from a two weeks' visit in Schuyler county.

J. T. Coonfield's hand is almost well, but we think that his fingers will always be stiff.

E. W. Miller delivered his hogs at Greentop last Monday. He got \$3.35 per hundred.

We understand that James Hickman has been appointed postmaster at Shibleys Point.

The Husted boys have taken charge of the store at Shibleys Point. We wish them success.

P. C. Mills, of Shibleys Point, has moved to Kirksville and is attending the Mercantile College.

This little snow is just the thing for wheat, which was in a very bad condition before the rain and snow came.

Mrs. Wetha Shoop had a wood chopping, quilting and birthday dinner last Saturday. She got enough wood to last her all winter.

Circuit Court Proceedings.

Gerry vs Bart, judgement for plaintiff.

Rowland vs Alfred Smith continued.

Minnie C. Wilson vs Harry McCahan, continued at defendants costs.

Obediah Lowe vs S. J. Miller, settled.

Morrow vs Wabash Ry. continued.

P. M. Smith vs Mikel Weber dismissed.

Ivie vs Pollock, dismissed by plaintiff.

Hedrick vs Samuels, continued.

J. B. Kronk & Co. vs Guinn, judgement for plaintiff.

Evarts vs Evarts, decree of divorce.

Shoemaker vs Shoemaker decree of divorce for plaintiff.

Sowers vs Story, continued.

Spriggs vs Pryor, dismissed by plaintiff.

Gibson vs Gibson, decree of divorce for plaintiff.

Cox vs Ryther, change of venue from Macon county, judgement for \$33 for plaintiff.

Barnhart vs Barnhart, decree of divorce for plaintiff.

Johnson vs Johnson dismissed Thompson vs Hooper, continued by defendant.

Wm. Carnagay vs G. W. Clem, motion to affirm judgement sustained.

Laura L. Farnish, et al partition, report of commissioners approved and P. F. Greenwood allowed \$100 as attorney fee.

Samantha Zimmerman vs Calvin Zimmerman, decree for plaintiff and custody of children.

Wabash Passenger Business For 1890.

Below is a Comparative Statement of Ticket sales at Kirksville office for the year ending Dec. 31 1890. Total receipts for tickets sold in 1890 \$26,288.50; same receipts in 1889 were \$22,815.04. Total increase in 1890, \$3,473.46. This showing is gratifying in view of the fact that revenues were decreased in 90 by cut rates etc. The increasing popularity of the Great Wabash Route is due to its greatly improved Passenger service in which point the management has succeeded in placing "The Banner Route" in the lead of all other lines. Its Through Car service is the best one ever had—from Kirksville. There is hardly a city of any note on the Continent but what can be reached with only one change of cars via this popular line. Jan. 1 91.

W. E. NOONAN
Agt. Kirksville.

Work while the day lasts.

Hart's jewelry stock is still at Mrs. Leech's, west side. All goods are going cheap.

Never run in debt to make money or otherwise.

Wilson Waifs.

Mrs. S. A. Reed entertained Miss Nettie Anderson, Sunday. R. P. Keyner has sold his farm to an Illinois man, who will take possession in the spring.

Miss Myrtle Clotfelter has gone to Cook, Neb., to spend the winter with her sister, Mrs. Fisk.

Mr. and Mrs. Longwith, of Hurdland, visited Mrs. L's. grand parents, grandpa and grandma Clemison, last week.

J. D. Kirkpatrick of Carthage, Ill., visited his brother, W. F. Kirkpatrick, during the holidays.

Mr. and Mrs. Owen of Centralia, and Mr. Myers of Paris, Mo., are visiting the family of J. C. Terrill.

S. H. Chadwell and family of Kirksville, and Dan Chadwell and wife of Brevier, spent the holidays visiting relatives in this vicinity.

Wilson Sunday school reorganized with Asa Woods, Superintendent; Mr. George Newton, Assistant Superintendent; Miss Viola Wilson, Secretary; Mr. Orville Barrows, Treasurer and Librarian.

Gibbs Items.

Mrs. James Benton is quite sick at this time.

There are several on the sick list in town this week.

Mr. John Davis is laid up with a "pet" on his left hand.

Capt. Barrows was in town on business one day last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Rube Cason, of Brashear, visited in town last Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Noah Holloway spent Sunday with the family of Mr. Neal Gordon.

Our public school under the care of Miss Hattie Barnhill, is progressing finely.

Several of our young men took their "best girls" sleigh riding Sunday night. That was proper.

Mr. Charles Taylor, our genial Station agent, went hunting last week. He brought in two "hares."

Dr. Riley Barnes is kept busy among the sick horses. Distemper seems to be the prevailing disease.

Messrs Henry & Holloway will move their sawmill to a point 1 1/2 miles south of town this week. These men are practical mill men and will give satisfaction.

Mr. Geo. Billings shipped two cars of hogs and one car of cattle to Chicago, and Messrs Gibbs & Conaway shipped four cars of hogs to Keokuk, during the week.

Gibbs will advance all along the line during the year 1891. Building will be resumed as soon as the weather will permit. We want a mill and a harness shop.

All good citizens having "sworn off" and turned over a new leaf in the history of their lives, should subscribe for the GRAPHIC, pay the printer and be happy.

Gibbs is looming up as a stock shipping point. Messrs Gibbs & Conaway, our live and energetic shippers, are the right men in the right place. They pay the highest prices the market will afford. Farmers will always find them ready with the cash when they want to sell.

There should be several weddings during the year 1891 in this vicinity. Besides the host of young men in our community we have several old bachelors and widowers who should "make hay while the sun shines". The name of our beautiful and talented young ladies, is legion and the preachers and Esq's are ready to lend "a helping hand." Now to business boys.

Demorest.

"Fond of dancing?" You would reply "Yes" to this question, of course, if you had already mastered that delightful art. No reason why you should not. Every detail of dancing the "Modern Society Dances" is so clearly described in the article on that subject by Mr. Dodworth, New York's greatest dancing teacher, and all the steps and motions of the newest dances so fully illustrated in Demorest's Family Magazine for February, that a child can learn to dance without a master. A course at dancing-school is expensive, but you can become a proficient dancer, with no outlay, by practicing as directed in these illustrated instructions. It was while dancing that Juliet won the love of her Romeo, although they later parted in sorrow, as shown in the exquisite full-page gravure of "Romeo and Juliet."

"A Dream of love," the second full-page picture, is a dainty Valentine offering; and charming counterparts of many beautiful and noble women illustrate the leading article, "Ladies of High Degree," including portraits of the Princess of Wales and her daughters, and the American beauties who have married into the English aristocracy. "Mouldings as Related to Art Industry" is artistically and profusely illustrated. The "Portrait Gallery" shows the handsome features of the now world-famous consumption-cure discoverer, Dr. Robert Koch; and "A Violet Luncheon" tells how to prepare and serve such an entertainment so as to have it in "good form." Published by W. Jennings Demorest, 15 East 14th Street, New York.

Never enter into wild speculation.

Be content with your wages.

ANNUAL ADDRESS

Delivered by A. T. STILL, D. O., to the Students of OSTEOPATHY.

OSTEOPATHY.

The first annual address to the pupils of OSTEOPATHY, delivered Jan. 1st 1889 in Kirksville, Mo., by Dr. A. T. Still, discoverer of the New Science of Health.

He said: "Despise not the day of small things," was said long ago. That is just as good today as then. You can be counted on the fingers of one hand. One year ago one thumb was enough, as the writer of this feeble address was all there was of the school and its pupils. Sit still men until I tell you some good news! Since you five entered the school of bones, applications have been legion to become pupils of this grand school. Money is offered to establish a Hospital School to treat the sick and teach the philosophy of healing without poisonous drugs, on whose trail at every step you behold death, insanity, idiots, drunkenness, opium eating, morphine habits, chloral eating, whiskey drinking, drug doctors, conjurers and no conclusions by its advocates. You are now in the pursuit of a study that is as true as mathematics. You can answer yes to all questions as surely as the Astronomer can trace velocity and magnitude of the heavenly bodies, besides you have a truth to reason from and a fact as your voucher. Thus your answer is absolutely yes and no. At an early day you will have to fill the chairs of professors of the greatest institution that ever had a place on earth. Its name is and will be OSTEOPATHY. Now let me say to you in solemn truth, that no grey-haired nor youthful physician has ever answered the question. What is the cause and cure of Asthma? You can, and prove what you say by your work. Can the M. D.'s do as much? Not to the present age. The same of Goiter, Heart, Lungs and all other diseases except contagion and infections.

Have you not cause to be proud of the step you have taken? When you are old and all the world can look over your life and say "No man, woman or child has been made a drunkard nor addicted to any of the habits of drugs by you" such as morphine eating, pill taking, whiskey drinking, or any of the whole lists of habits belonging to drugs caused by your school. Can any one of the one hundred and fifty thousand M. D.'s of America say as much? No but they can safely say we have made two each for every year, which makes three hundred thousand and so, we, the M. D.'s of America have made; and seven out of every ten of us get or are addicted to some drug habit. The big medicine men of America ask legal protection. They ask the legislatures to prohibit and punish by fine and imprisonment any and all treatments for diseases, but the regular old bangswell system of puking, purges, blisters, skin syringes, poor man's plasters, and so on until the money is gone, then advise the mountains or Florida where buzzards are plenty. You may be laughed at but the last laugh is the sweetest which will be yours. Should I live twelve months look for more of the same kind.

DR. STILL

Has discovered that many diseases, pronounced incurable, are caused by partial or complete dislocation of the bones of the neck, chest, spine, or limbs. Following is a partial list, headache, weak and sore eyes, enlarged tonsils, catarrh, sore ears, dripping eyes, loss of voice, bleeding of lungs, asthma, pneumonia, heart disease, consumption, paralysis of face, spine or limbs, goiter, piles, varicose veins, sore limbs, leucorrhea, all female diseases, constipation, flux, diarrhea, fits, cold feet and limbs, general prostration, dyspepsia, gout, rheumatism of all parts of the system, liver diseases, brights disease, and all diseases of the kidneys, etc. All the disease above named are seldom cured until the bones at fault are adjusted.

"MAN IS FEARFULLY AND WONDERFULLY MADE."

DR. STILL is, perhaps, the only living Natural Bone Setter in America.

BONES SET WITHOUT DRUGS. Enclose \$1.00 with description of disease if you wish an opinion in your case. Work begins with payment.

NOTICE.

All persons who claim "to treat diseases as Dr. A. T. Still does" and cannot show a certificate of proficiency signed by me are not to be trusted with your lives.

DR. A. T. STILL,

LIGHTNING BONE SETTER,

KIRKSVILLE, MO.

WILL BE AT: Independence, Feb. 3 to 14; Nevada, Feb. 16 to 25; Butler, March 1 to 15; Rich Hill, March 17 to 24.

WANTED—A good, live partner, one experienced in the grocery business. Enquire at Blackman's Racket grocery, east side of the square.

State Savings, Loan and Trust Co.

QUINCY, ILLINOIS.

Organized under the Banking Law and All its Business under the Supervision of the Officers of the State of Illinois.

SUCCESSOR TO THE PRIVATE BANK OF L. & C. H. BULL, (Which is the oldest bank in Quincy)

Capital Stock Fully Paid Up	\$300,000
Additional Liabilities of Stockholders	500,000
Total Responsibility,	\$800,000

This Bank has the largest Capital of any Bank in this section of the State of Illinois. Its owners and managers have been engaged in the Banking business in Quincy for more than thirty years and are well known to be men of large business experience and careful methods. It is the only Bank in this section of the State authorized by law to do a Savings Bank business or which is duly organized for that purpose.

The Auditor of State is required by law to inspect periodically all its transactions, to see that all safeguards provided by the law are duly observed and the business in all respects prudently managed.

No safer place for the deposit of money can be found in this section of the country than this bank.

INTEREST ON DEPOSITS.

It will receive money on deposit in such forms and for such time as best suits the convenience of its customers and will pay such rate of interest as the nature of the deposit and the time for which it is deposited will justify.

SAVINGS BANK PASS BOOKS

Deposits to accumulate as Savings will be received in any sum not less than one dollar. For such deposit Pass Books will be issued and they will be entitled to interest at the rate of three per cent per annum for all the full calendar months they shall remain, provided they are not withdrawn before the expiration of three full calendar months from the date of deposit. Any sum can be deposited and any sum can be withdrawn at the pleasure of the depositor according to the rules printed in the pass book. Interest will be computed and credited SEMI ANNUALLY, on the first days of February and August in each year. If not withdrawn it will be added to the principal and bear interest the same as any other deposit.

TEMPORARY DEPOSIT PAYABLE AT FIVE DAYS' NOTICE.

For money which is only temporarily idle, or which may be required at any time at short notice, certificates will be issued payable after five days' notice and bearing interest at the rate of two per cent per annum, provided the money is left for not less than thirty days.

DEPOSITS FOR A FIXED TERM

For money deposited for a fixed term, from three to twelve months certificates will be issued bearing interest at the rate of three per cent per annum for the whole time agreed upon.

LONG TIME DEPOSITS.

For money deposited for two years or over, interest will be paid at the rate of four per cent per annum. For such deposits certificates will be issued in the nature of a Bond with coupons for the interest attached, payable every six months, which coupons can be cut off as they become due and presented for payment without disturbing the principal. No better or more convenient investment at this rate of interest can be had. It involves no trouble and no anxiety to the investor and secures a regular and reliable income.

Don't keep money idle. No money should be kept idle and unproductive, or be kept in dwelling houses, stores, or in other insecure places liable to loss by accident, fire or thieves. No person having idle money should hesitate about opening an account because the amount is small, or because the time when it may be wanted is uncertain. Small accounts grow to be large ones faster than depositors realize and interest accumulates while they sleep. Since Messrs. L. & C. H. Bull opened their savings bank they have paid to depositors for interest alone on their deposits more than FOUR HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS.

ACCOUNTS KEPT WITH WOMEN AND CHILDREN.

Accounts kept with married and single women, who are frequently not much accustomed to the care and investment of money, also with children who can by means of a savings bank account be greatly assisted in forming habits of saving, economy and thrift.

COUNTY TREASURERS AND OTHERS.

Special arrangements will be made with County Treasurers, County and Township Collectors of Corporations or Religious or Charitable Organizations for the payment of interest on their balances and for the convenient transfer of funds to meet their official obligations.

BANKERS.

Bankers in the vicinity will find this a safe and convenient place for holding their reserves or for any monies more or less permanently at rest.

TRUST FUNDS.

This Bank is especially authorized by law for the deposit of Trust funds and to receive and execute Trusts. Correspondence and business invited from all the adjacent counties in this state and in Missouri.

CONFIDENTIAL.

All transactions treated as CONFIDENTIAL and no information will be given to any enquirers as to our dealings with our depositors.

All letters asking further information as to our methods of business will receive a prompt reply. All new and old business will be transacted by L. & C. H. Bull until the new bank is fully equipped and ready for business.

LOREZO BULL,
President.
CHARLES H. BULL,
Vice President.
E. J. PARKER,
Cashier.
LYMAN A. WILEY,
Assistant Cashier.

ONLY 50 Cts. A YEAR

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Conducted By Mrs. John A. Logan.

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LONG STORIES AND SHORT STORIES

And Stories for all the "state-people" in the family, from the "state-people" in the family.

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ABOUT WHAT TO WEAR AND HOW TO MAKE IT;
ABOUT SOCIETY;
ABOUT BOOKS;
ABOUT PLANTS AND FLOWERS;
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